CLASS VII   **MATHEMATICS**

CHAPTER: INTEGERS

EX1.1   Q8 (i) & (iii) part, Q10

EX1.2   Q3

EX1.3   Q6

EX1.4   Q3, Q7

EX1.5   Q3
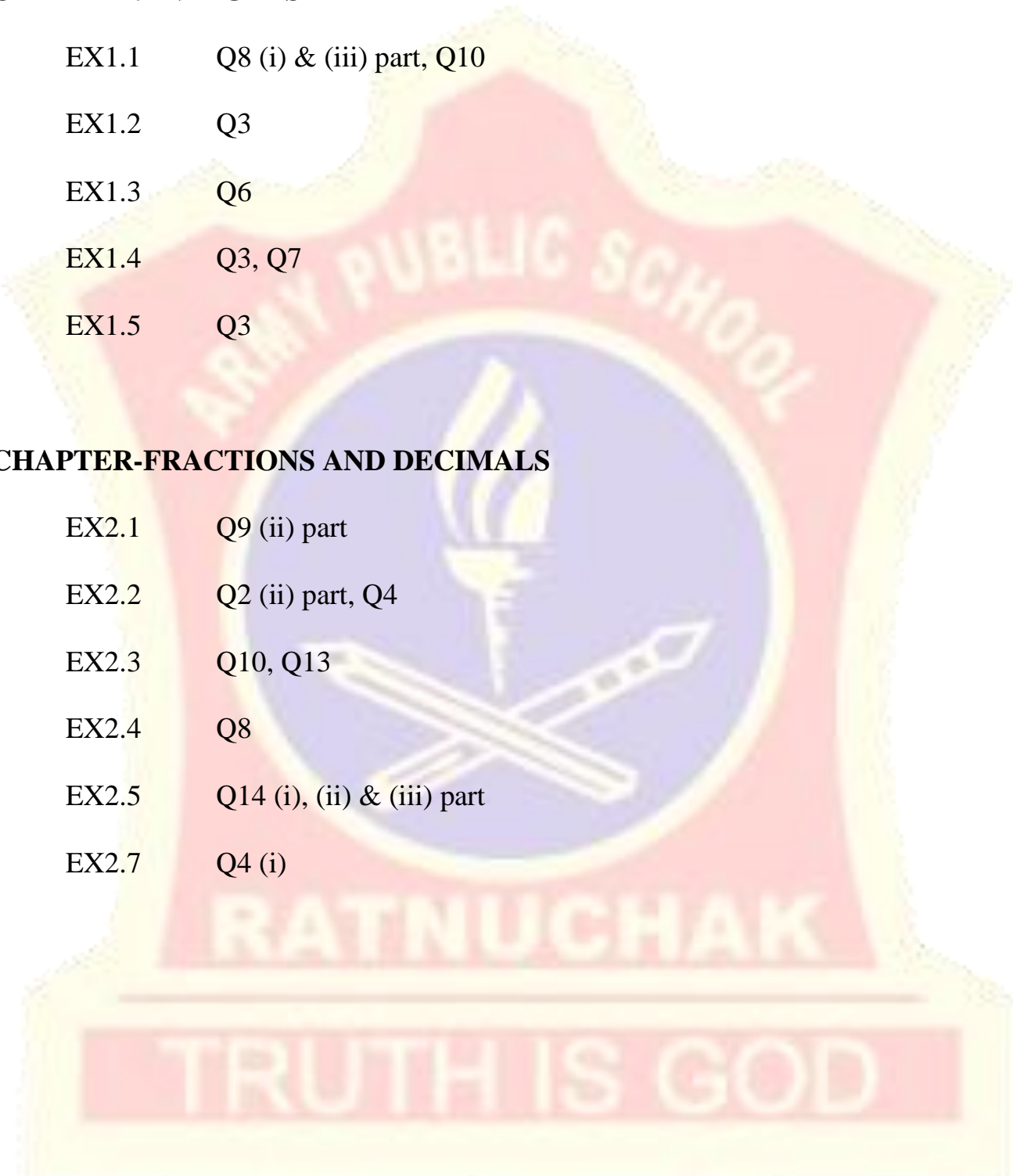
CHAPTER-FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

EX2.1   Q9 (ii) part

EX2.2   Q2 (ii) part, Q4

EX2.3   Q10, Q13

EX2.4   Q8

EX2.5   Q14 (i), (ii) & (iii) part

EX2.7   Q4 (i)

CLASS VII   **SCIENCE**

Q.1 Fill in the blanks.

i) The conversion of complex food is called _____
ii) A _____ is an association of symbiotic relationship between an alga and a fungus.
iii) A plant that has both autotrophic as well as heterotrophic mode of nutrition is _____.
iv) The mode of taking in food by organism and its utilization by the body for its various activities is called _____.
v) The relationship in which two different organisms live together in such a way that benefit each other in some way is called the _____.
vi) The normal temperature of human body is _____.
vii) Two insulators of heat are _____, _____.
viii) Two conductors of heat are _____, _____.
ix) We use _____ coloured clothes during summers.
x) We use woolen and _____ coloured clothes during winter

Q2. Correct the following sentences by correcting the highlighted words:

i) Roots are the main site of photosynthesis in plants.

Ans. _____

ii) Boiled and cooled water with a pinch of salt and some sugar which is given to the patient suffering from diarrhea is called iodine solution.

Ans. _____

iii) False feet in amoeba are called vacuoles.

Ans. _____

iv) Cellulose is digested by ruminants in rumen.

Ans. _____

v) Green pigment present in leaves is rhizobium.

Ans. _____

Q3. Match the following:-

Column I	Column II
a) Plants	i) Saprotrophs
b) Animals	ii) Autotrophs
c) Pitcher Plant	iii) Heterotrophs
d) Fungi	iv) Insectivorous Plant
e) Lichens	v) Symbiotic relationship
f) Cuscuta (Amarbel)	vi) Parasitic Plants